PRESCRIBING INFORMATION

XIDIM® Injection IM/IV (Ceftazidime for Injection USP)

COMPOSITION: Xidim injection 500mg Each vial contains: Ceftazidime USP......500 (as ceftazidime pentahydrate) فِي فِي مَ الْجَكَشْنِ آنَايُم / آنَى وَى

Xidim injection 1g Each vial contains: Ceftazidime USP... Ceftazidime USP.....1g (as Ceftazidime pentahydrate)

DESCRIPTION

DESCRIPTIONXIDIM injection is supplied as a white to faintly yellow powder in vial containing Ceftazidime (as pentahydrate) with sodium carbonate (118mg per gram of Ceftazidime). On the addition of water for injection XIDIM injection dissolves with effervescence to produce a solution for injection. XIDIM injection contains approximately 52mg (2.3mEq) of sodium per gram of ceftazidime. 116mg Ceftazidime pentahydrate is equivalent to 100mg ceftazidime free acid.

Treatment of single or multiple infections caused by susceptible organisms. May be used alone as first choice drug before the results of sensitivity tests are available. May be used in combination with an aminoglycoside or most other betalactam antibiotics. May be used with an antibiotic against anaerobes when the presence of Bacteroides fragilis is suspected.

INDICATION INCLUDE

Severe infections e. q. Septicaemia, bacteraemia, peritonitis, meningitis

Infections in immunosuppressed patients
Infections in patients in intensive care, e.g. infection burns.

Respiratory tract infections including lung infections in cystic fibrosis

Ear, nose and throat infections
Urinary tract infections
Gastrointestinal, biliary and abdominal infections

Bone and joint infections
Infections associated with haemo and peritoneal dialysis and with continuous ambulatory peritoneal dialysis (CAPD).

Prophylaxis: prostatic surgery (transurethral resection)

Dosage depends upon the severity, sensitivity, site and type of infections and upon the age and renal function of the patient.

Adults: 1 - 6g/day in 2 or 3 divided doses by IV or IM injection.

Urinary tract and less severe infections
Most infections
Very severe infections particularly - 500mg or 1 g every 12 hours

- 1g every 8 hours or 2g every 12hours

In immunocompromised patients Including those with neutropenia Fibrocystic adults with 2g every 8 or 12 hours100-150mg/kg/day in Pseudomonal lung infections 3 divided doses

When used as a prophylactic agent in prostatic surgery 1g should be given at the injection of anaesthesia. A second dose should be considered at the time of catheter removal. In adults with normal renal function (9g/day has been used without ill effect. Infants and children (> 2 months): 30-100mg per kg per day in 2or3 divided doses, doses up to 150mg per day maximum 6g/day) in three divided doses may be given to infected immunocompromised or fibrocystic children or children with meningitis. Neonates (0-2 month): 25-60mg/kg/day in 2 divided doses. In neonates the serum half life of ceftazidime can be 3-4 time that in adults. Use in the elderly in view of the reduced clearance of ceftazidime in acutely ill elderly patients, the daily dosage should not normally exceed 3g especially in those over 80 years of age.

CONTRA-INDICATIONS

Patients with known hypersensitivity to cephalosporin antibiotics.

WARNINGS

Before beginning treatment establish whether the patient has a history of hypersensitivity reactions to

ceftazidime, cephalosporins, penicillins or other drugs.

Special caution is necessary when giving ceftazidime to patients who have previously shown type 1 or immediate hypersensitivity reaction to penicillin.

If an allergic reaction to ceftazidime occurs discontinue the drug. Serious hypersensitivity reactions may require epinephrine (adrenaline), hydrocortisone, antihistamine or other emergency measures.

SIDE - EFFECTS

Ceftazidime is generally well tolerated. Adverse reactions are infrequent and include:

Local: phlebitis or thrombophlebitis with IV administration, pain and/or inflammation after IM injection. Hypersensitivity: maculopapular or urticarial rash, fever, pruritus and very rarely angioedema and anaphylaxis

(including bronchospasm and/or hypotension)
As with other cephalosporins. There have been rare reports of toxic epidermal necrolysis.

Gastrointestinal: diarrhea, nausea, vomiting, abdominal pain and very rarely oral thrush or colitis

Genito-urinary: candidiasis, vaginitis

Central nervous system: headache, dizziness, paraesthesia and bad taste. There have reports of neurological sequelae including tremor, Myoclonia, convulsions, and encephalopathy in patients with renal impairment in

including tremor, Myoclonia, convulsions, and encephalopathy in patients with renal impairment in whom the dose of ceftazidime has not been appropriately reduced. Laboratory test changes: transient changes note during ceftazidime therapy include: eosinophilia, positive coomb's test, very rarely haemolytic anaemia, thrombocytosis and elevations in one or more of the hepatic enzymes, ALT (SGPT-), AST (SGOT), LDH, GGT and alkaline phosphatase. As with some other cephalosporins, transient elevations of blood urea, blood urea nitrogen and/or serum creatinine have been observed occasionally. Very rarely leucopenia, neutropenia, agranulocytosis, thrombocytopenia and lymphocytosis have been reported.

OVERDOSAGE

Overdosage can lead to neurological sequlae including encephalopathy, convulsions and coma. Serum levels of ceftazidime can be reduced by haemodialysis or peritoneal dialysis.

PRESENTATION

Xidim 500mg vial: With one 5 ml ampoule of sterile water for injection in a carton

۔۔۔ خوراک کا دارویدارانفیکشن کی شعرت،متاثرہ جگہ،انفیکشن کی قتم ،مریض کی عمراورا سکے گردوں کی کارکردگی میرمخصر ہے۔

STORAGE:

Store at temperature 15 to 30 °C away from light and moisture.

500 ملی گرام یا 1 گرام ہربارہ گھنٹے کے وقفے ہے۔ شدیدانفیکشن بطورخاص کم توت بدافعی والے مریض بشمول ان مریضوں کو جو نیوٹر و پینیا کے شکار ہوں: 1 گرام ہر8 گھنٹے یا 2 گرام ہربارہ گھنٹے کے وقفے ہے۔

بالغ فيير وسِنك جو Pseudominal lung انفيكشن كيساتير بهول: 100 = 150/ مل كرام الكرام مروزانة تين تقسیم شدہ خوراک کے طور پراسکا استعال جب حفاظتی اقدام کے طور پر نرامٹیک جراحی میں تواکیگرام بیہوٹی کے وقت پر دینا ہوگا۔ دوسری خوراک کااستعال کیتھیٹر نکالنے کے وقت پر کرنا چاہیے۔

> اسٹور یج: 15 ے 30 واگری سنٹی گریڈورجہ حرارت پروشی اور فی سے بچا کرر کھیے

خوراك اورطر يقهاستعال:

یورینزی ٹریکیٹ اور کم شدت کے افکیشن:

Brookes Pharma Private Limited 58 - 59 Sector 15 Korangi Industrial Area Karachi 74900 Pakistan